# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2022



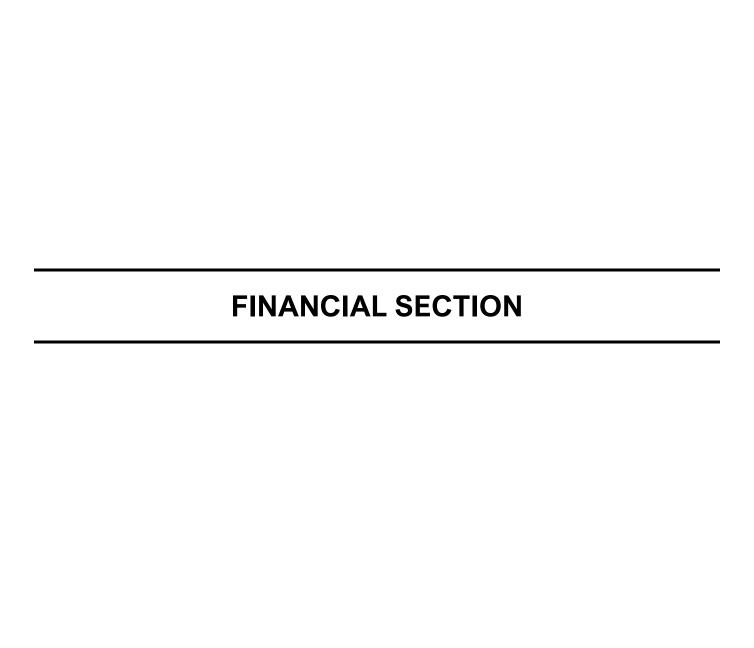
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#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Piedmont Unified School District Piedmont, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Piedmont Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Piedmont Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Piedmont Unified School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Piedmont Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Piedmont Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Piedmont Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Piedmont Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Piedmont Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022 on our consideration of the Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

Chistylehete, Inc

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### INTRODUCTION

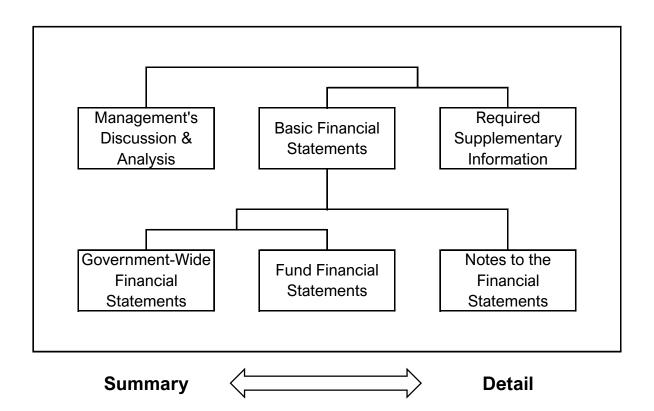
Our discussion and analysis of Piedmont Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's net position was \$(26,477,515) at June 30, 2022. This was an increase of \$777,145 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$53,194,923 which exceeded expenses of \$52,417,778.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **Components of the Financial Section**



#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **Components of the Financial Section (continued)**

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position was \$(26,477,515) at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(18,912,739) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities						
	<u>-</u>	2022	2021	Net Change			
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$	47,637,657	\$ 57,278,663	\$ (9,641,006)			
Capital assets		131,709,691	123,211,287	8,498,404			
Total Assets		179,347,348	180,489,950	(1,142,602)			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,178,237	12,629,937	(1,451,700)			
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities		9,529,692	7,866,626	1,663,066			
Long-term liabilities		187,345,254	209,891,590	(22,546,336)			
Total Liabilities		196,874,946	217,758,216	(20,883,270)			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20,128,154	2,616,331	17,511,823			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		(17,070,146)	2,140,841	(19,210,987)			
Restricted		9,505,370	36,244,924	(26,739,554)			
Unrestricted		(18,912,739)	(65,640,425)	46,727,686			
Total Net Position	\$	(26,477,515)	\$ (27,254,660)	\$ 777,145			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenditures for the year.

	Governmental Activities						
	2022			2021	Net Change		
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	230,430	\$	-	\$ 230,430		
Operating grants and contributions		5,825,837		10,086,904	(4,261,067)		
General revenues							
Property taxes		33,245,942		32,169,964	1,075,978		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		9,318,692		8,957,250	361,442		
Other		4,574,022		2,236,914	2,337,108		
Total Revenues		53,194,923		53,451,032	(256,109)		
EXPENSES							
Instruction		26,680,570		32,542,111	(5,861,541)		
Instruction-related services		6,398,760		6,812,294	(413,534)		
Pupil services		3,842,979		3,325,856	517,123		
General administration		3,868,242		4,326,290	(458,048)		
Plant services		4,648,663		5,277,852	(629,189)		
Ancillary services		862,193		543,638	318,555		
Debt service		6,007,972		5,019,689	988,283		
Other outgo		108,399		-	108,399		
Total Expenses		52,417,778		57,847,730	(5,429,952)		
Change in net position		777,145		(4,396,698)	5,173,843		
Net Position - Beginning*		(27,254,660)		(22,857,962)	(4,396,698)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	(26,477,515)	\$	(27,254,660)	\$ 777,145		

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning net position was restated for the 2021 year only.

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$52,417,778 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$33,245,942 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position (continued)**

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services				
		2022		2021	
Instruction	\$	23,731,339	\$	25,987,987	
Instruction-related services		6,173,189		5,672,378	
Pupil services		3,724,800		2,716,488	
General administration		3,808,814		3,715,710	
Plant services		2,974,699		4,943,383	
Ancillary services		615,658		303,338	
Debt service		6,007,972		5,019,689	
Transfers to other agencies		(674,960)		(598,147)	
Total	\$	46,361,511	\$	47,760,826	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$42,240,476, which is less than this year's ending fund balance of \$51,245,851. The District's General Fund had \$160,748 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Building Fund had \$8,362,931 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects had a \$66,644 net change in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$706,363 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested \$131,709,691 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities					
		2022	2021	Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land	\$	335,023 \$	335,023	\$ -		
Construction in progress		155,319	1,194,406	(1,039,087)		
Land improvements		5,575,953	5,371,680	204,273		
Buildings & improvements		159,168,281	147,410,229	11,758,052		
Furniture & equipment		954,989	957,001	(2,012)		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(34,479,874)	(32,057,052)	(2,422,822)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	131,709,691 \$	123,211,287	\$ 8,498,404		

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$187,345,254 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 9.49% from last year – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities						
		2022	2021	Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Total general obligation bonds	\$	154,955,812 \$	156,470,491	\$ (1,514,679)			
Direct Placement - lease revenue bonds		3,200,000	-	3,200,000			
Financed purchases		15,070	22,025	(6,955)			
Compensated absences		180,107	163,716	16,391			
Total OPEB liability		7,155,249	8,814,778	(1,659,529)			
Net pension liability		24,019,591	44,420,580	(20,400,989)			
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(2,180,575)	(2,896,304)	715,729			
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	187,345,254 \$	206,995,286	\$ (19,650,032)			

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)**

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed re-benching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent to approximately 38.3 percent. At May Revision, the 2022-23 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 6.56 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Donald Evans, the Interim Superintendent at Piedmont Unified School District, Piedmont, California, 94611.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 44,764,657
Accounts receivable	2,504,585
Prepaid expenses	368,415
Capital assets, not depreciated	490,342
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	131,219,349_
Total Assets	179,347,348
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	9,365,217
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,546,886
Deferred amount on refunding	266,134
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,178,237
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	6,635,372
Unearned revenue	713,745
Long-term liabilities, current portion	2,180,575
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	187,345,254
Total Liabilities	196,874,946
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	18,123,057
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,675,097
Deferred amount on refunding	330,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,128,154
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(17,070,146)
Restricted:	
Capital projects	411,371
Debt service	6,849,544
Educational programs	1,788,550
Food service	19,578
Associated student body	436,327
Unrestricted	(18,912,739)
Total Net Position	\$ (26,477,515)

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program	Rever	2011	C	venues and Changes in et Position
			Operating					ct i osition
			С	harges for		Frants and	Go	vernmental
Function/Programs	Expenses			Services	Co	ntributions	Activities	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		_				_		
Instruction	\$	26,680,570	\$	-	\$	2,949,231	\$	(23,731,339)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		2,028,505		-		14,638		(2,013,867)
Instructional library, media, and technology		645,205		-		-		(645,205)
School site administration		3,725,050		-		210,933		(3,514,117)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		265,265		-		-		(265,265)
Food services		765,123		-		3,818		(761,305)
All other pupil services		2,812,591		-		114,361		(2,698,230)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		1,298,336		-		-		(1,298,336)
All other general administration		2,569,906		-		59,428		(2,510,478)
Plant services		4,648,663		-		1,673,964		(2,974,699)
Ancillary services		862,193		230,430		16,105		(615,658)
Interest on long-term debt		6,007,972		-		-		(6,007,972)
Other outgo		108,399		-		783,359		674,960
Total Governmental Activities	\$	52,417,778	\$	230,430	\$	5,825,837		(46,361,511)
	Gene	eral revenues						
		es and subvent						
		roperty taxes, le			oses			14,315,643
		roperty taxes, le						5,288,127
		roperty taxes, le		•				13,642,172
		ederal and state			speci	fic purposes		9,318,692
		rest and investr	nent ea	arnings				(363,206)
		cellaneous						4,937,228
		otal, General R						47,138,656
		NGE IN NET PO		N				777,145
		Position - Begi	_					(27,254,660)
	Net F	Position - Endi	ng				\$	(26,477,515)

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Gen	eral Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	Fur	ecial Reserve nd for Capital tlay Projects	nd Interest and demption Fund	G	Non-Major Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	4,560,280	\$	1,036,678	\$	2,648,033	\$ 35,892,056	\$	627,610	\$	44,764,657
Accounts receivable		2,323,740		1,700		153,526	14,418		11,201		2,504,585
Due from other funds		-		-		103,753	-		231,702		335,455
Prepaid expenditures		368,415		-		-	-		-		368,415
Total Assets	\$	7,252,435	\$	1,038,378	\$	2,905,312	\$ 35,906,474	\$	870,513	\$	47,973,112
LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,435,385	\$	1,064,074	\$	2,162,867	\$ -	\$	21,110	\$	4,683,436
Due to other funds		335,455		-		-	-		-		335,455
Unearned revenue		647,056		-		-	-		66,689		713,745
Total Liabilities		2,417,896		1,064,074		2,162,867	-		87,799		5,732,636
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		412,188		-		-	-		3,200		415,388
Restricted		1,788,550		_		411,371	8,801,480		455,905		11,457,306
Committed		199,033		_		30,000	· · ·		323,609		552,642
Unassigned		2,434,768		(25,696)		301,074	27,104,994		<u> </u>		29,815,140
Total Fund Balances		4,834,539		(25,696)		742,445	35,906,474		782,714		42,240,476
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	7,252,435	\$	1,038,378	\$	2,905,312	\$ 35,906,474	\$	870,513	\$	47,973,112

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds** 

\$ 42,240,476

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital assets:

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

Capital assets \$ 166,189,565

Accumulated depreciation (34,479,874) 131,709,691

#### Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

(63,866)

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(1,951,936)

#### Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 154,955,812	
Direct Placement - lease revenue bonds	3,200,000	
Financed purchases	15,070	
Compensated absences	180,107	
Total OPEB liability	7,155,249	
Net pension liability	24,019,591	(189,525,829)

#### Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 9,365,217	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(18,123,057)	(8,757,840)

#### Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 1,546,886	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(1,675,097)	(128,211)

#### **Total Net Position - Governmental Activities**

\$ (26,477,515)

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 22,911,75	9 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,911,759
Federal sources	1,045,15	2 -	-	496,018	4,964	1,546,134
Other state sources	5,739,82	4 -	-	19,720	-	5,759,544
Other local sources	19,720,74	2 (78,353)	46,324	6,023,399	949,365	26,661,477
Total Revenues	49,417,47	7 (78,353)	46,324	6,539,137	954,329	56,878,914
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction	29,394,20	4 -	-	-	-	29,394,204
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration	2,249,82	4 -	-	-	-	2,249,824
Instructional library, media, and technology	727,30	9 -	-	-	-	727,309
School site administration	4,032,65	9 -	-	-	-	4,032,659
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation	261,52	3 -	-	-	-	261,523
Food services	4,23	3 -	-	-	764,162	768,395
All other pupil services	3,228,25	4 -	-	-	-	3,228,254
General administration						
Centralized data processing	1,331,79	5 -	-	-	-	1,331,795
All other general administration	2,507,32	5 -	-	-	-	2,507,325
Plant services	3,794,20	7 373,016	7,467	-	7,057	4,181,747
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,047,77	7,911,562	3,160,966	-	-	12,120,305
Ancillary services	629,91	2 -	-	-	257,830	887,742
Transfers to other agencies	8,39	9 -	-	-	-	8,399
Debt service						
Principal	6,95		-	2,495,000	-	2,501,955
Interest and other	32,35		100,000	4,750,500	-	4,882,853
Total Expenditures	49,256,72	9 8,284,578	3,268,433	7,245,500	1,029,049	69,084,289
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	160,74	8 (8,362,931)	(3,222,109)	(706,363)	(74,720)	(12,205,375)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	15,00	0 -	103,753	-	12,923	131,676
Other sources			3,200,000	-	-	3,200,000
Transfers out	(116,67		(15,000)	-	-	(131,676)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(101,67	6) -	3,288,753	-	12,923	3,200,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	59,07	2 (8,362,931)	66,644	(706,363)	(61,797)	(9,005,375)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,775,46		675,801	36,612,837	844,511	51,245,851
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,834,53	9 \$ (25,696)	\$ 742,445	\$ 35,906,474	\$ 782,714	\$ 42,240,476

#### PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund	Balances -	Governmental	Funds
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\$ (9,005,375)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 11,745,040

Depreciation expense: \$ (3,139,954) 8,605,086

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

2,501,955

#### Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(3,200,000)

#### Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(126,676)

#### Gain or loss from the disposal of capital assets:

In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

(106,682)

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(118, 122)

(continued on the next page)

#### PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Accreted	interest	t on	long-t	erm	debt:
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In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(1,375,030)

#### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(16,391)

#### Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(115,466)

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

3,339,137

#### Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

394,709

#### **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$ 777,145

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The **Piedmont Unified School District** (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

**Government-Wide Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

**Building Fund:** This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Student Activity Fund:** This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)**

#### **Special Revenue Funds (continued)**

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

**Cafeteria Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**County School Facilities Fund:** This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

#### Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions, continued

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

#### Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class
Buildings
Improvements
Equipment

50 Years 50 Years 50 Years 5 to 20 Years

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance (continued)**

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### H. Budgetary Data (continued)

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

**GASB Statement No. 96** – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

**GASB Statement No. 100** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 101** – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental				
		Activities			
Investment in county treasury	\$	15,287,671			
Fair value adjustment		(369,772)			
Cash on hand and in banks		584,345			
Cash with fiscal agent		29,215,440			
Cash in revolving fund		46,973			
Total	\$	44,764,657			

#### **B.** Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Alameda County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Cash with Fiscal Agent** – This represents amounts held by a third-party custodian in the District's name to be used for capital projects.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
A vith a vise of the contract True of	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$14,917,899. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 548 days.

#### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, \$360,760 of the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Alameda County Treasury Investment Pool is not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	<u> Uncategorized</u>					
Investment in county treasury	\$	14,917,899				
Total	\$	14,917,899				

#### **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ger	neral Fund	Building	Fund	Fund	al Reserve for Capital y Projects	and Interest and	Non-Major lovernmental Funds	G	Sovernmental Activities
Federal Government										
Categorical aid	\$	1,324,658	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 980	\$	1,325,638
State Government										
Categorical aid		375,343		-		-	-	-		375,343
Lottery		143,743		-		-	-	-		143,743
Local Government										
Other local sources		479,996		1,700		153,526	14,418	10,221		659,861
Total	\$	2,323,740	\$	1,700	\$	153,526	\$ 14,418	\$ 11,201	\$	2,504,585

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	J	Balance July 01, 2021		Additions		Deletions		Balance une 30, 2022
Governmental Activities		-						
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	335,023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	335,023
Construction in progress		1,194,406		11,639		1,050,726		155,319
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,529,429		11,639		1,050,726		490,342
Capital assets being depreciated								_
Land improvements		5,371,680		204,273		-		5,575,953
Buildings & improvements		147,410,229		12,564,866		806,814		159,168,281
Furniture & equipment		957,001		14,988		17,000		954,989
Total capital assets being depreciated		153,738,910		12,784,127		823,814		165,699,223
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		2,716,288		107,657		-		2,823,945
Buildings & improvements		28,914,058		2,978,665		700,132		31,192,591
Furniture & equipment		426,706		53,632		17,000		463,338
Total accumulated depreciation		32,057,052		3,139,954		717,132		34,479,874
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	123,211,287	\$	9,655,812	\$	1,157,408	\$	131,709,691

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions for the year ended June 30, 2022:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Instruction	\$ 1,953,921
Instructional supervision and administration	104,118
Instructional library, media, and technology	48,220
School site administration	259,652
Home-to-school transportation	3,742
Food services	18,652
All other pupil services	179,392
Centralized data processing	103,139
All other general administration	152,899
Plant services	296,665
Ancillary services	 19,554
Total	\$ 3,139,954

#### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

### A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds								
Due To Other Funds	Fur	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects				Total				
General Fund	\$	103,753	\$	231,702	\$	335,455				
Total	\$	103,753	\$	231,702	\$	335,455				
Due from the General Fund to the Student Activity Fund to Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for progr	am support.				\$	12,923 218,779				
Due from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for	r Capital Outlay Projects to	transfer exces	s facil	ity use funds.		103,753				
Total					\$	335,455				

### B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Interfund Transfers In								
Interfund Transfers Out	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds			Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	103,753	\$	12,923	\$	116,676	
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		15,000		-		-		15,000	
Total	\$	15,000	\$	103,753	\$	12,923	\$	131,676	
Transfer from the General Fund to the Student Activity Fund to move the prior year ASB balance.  Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to transfer excess facility use funds.  Transfer from the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to the General Fund for program contributions.									
Total							\$	131,676	

# **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ger	neral Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	District-Wide	Governmental Activities
Payroll	\$	590,504	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 590,504
Construction		-	1,064,074	2,162,867	=	-	3,226,941
Vendors payable		844,371	-	-	21,110	-	865,481
Unmatured interest		-	-	-	-	1,951,936	1,951,936
Other liabilities		510	-	-	-	-	510
Total	\$	1,435,385	\$ 1,064,074	\$ 2,162,867	\$ 21,110	\$ 1,951,936	\$ 6,635,372

#### **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major		
			G	overnmental	G	Sovernmental
	Ger	neral Fund		Funds		Activities
Federal sources	\$	314,552	\$	-	\$	314,552
State categorical sources		170,853		-		170,853
Local sources		161,651		66,689		228,340
Total	\$	647,056	\$	66,689	\$	713,745

#### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	148,428,559	\$ 1,375,030	\$ 2,495,000	\$ 147,308,589	\$ 1,490,000
Unamortized premium		8,041,932	-	394,709	7,647,223	394,709
Total general obligation bonds		156,470,491	1,375,030	2,889,709	154,955,812	1,884,709
Direct Placement - lease revenue bonds		-	3,200,000	-	3,200,000	288,531
Financed purchases		22,025	-	6,955	15,070	7,335
Compensated absences		163,716	16,391	-	180,107	-
Total OPEB liability		8,814,778	-	1,659,529	7,155,249	-
Net pension liability		44,420,580	-	20,400,989	24,019,591	-
Total	\$	209,891,590	\$ 4,591,421	\$ 24,957,182	\$ 189,525,829	\$ 2,180,575

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments on direct placement-lease revenue bonds are made in the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects.
- Payments for financed purchases are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

#### A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$180,107. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### B. General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt at June 30, 2022 is:

						Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	(	Outstanding			(	Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue		July 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	J	une 30, 2022
2011 Series D QSCB	4/20/2011	5/1/2026	5.75%	\$ 10,000,000	\$	10,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	10,000,000
2006 Series E	8/23/2013	8/1/2043	5.3 - 6.3%	11,998,678		20,078,559	1,375,030	-		21,453,589
2015 Refunding	3/10/2015	8/1/2031	2.0 - 5.0%	16,075,000		14,865,000	-	685,000		14,180,000
2017 Series 2017A	4/12/2017	8/1/2046	5.00%	26,000,000		21,230,000	-	-		21,230,000
2017 Refunding	4/12/2017	8/1/2034	3.125 - 5.0%	16,775,000		16,775,000	-	-		16,775,000
2017B Crossover Refunding	12/21/2017	8/1/2041	3.0 - 4.0%	27,000,000		27,000,000	-	-		27,000,000
2016 Series 2019	8/27/2019	8/1/2049	3.0 - 5.0%	30,000,000		28,480,000	-	1,810,000		26,670,000
2016 Series 2021	2/25/2021	8/1/2046	2.0 - 5.0%	10,000,000		10,000,000	-	-		10,000,000
					\$	148,428,559	\$ 1,375,030	\$ 2,495,000	\$	147,308,589

#### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

#### B. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		l Interest		Total
2023	\$	1,490,000	\$	4,647,396	\$ 6,137,396
2024		1,240,000		4,579,144	5,819,144
2025		1,450,000		4,517,044	5,967,044
2026		11,695,000		4,449,469	16,144,469
2027		1,960,000		3,802,394	5,762,394
2028 - 2032		24,378,279		18,348,425	42,726,704
2033 - 2037		37,518,413		50,045,429	87,563,842
2038 - 2042		30,006,986		18,731,172	48,738,158
2043 - 2047		19,320,000		3,032,051	22,352,051
2048 - 2050		8,795,000		406,425	9,201,425
Accretion		9,454,911		(9,454,911)	_
Total	\$	147,308,589	\$	103,104,038	\$ 250,412,627

On December 21, 2017, the District issued General Obligation Crossover Refunding Bonds (2017B Refunding Bonds) in the amount of \$27,000,000 to refund the outstanding maturities of the Election 2006, Series E Bonds (2006E Bonds). The 2006E Bonds issued in 2013 will be called on August 1, 2023, the "Crossover Date". The proceeds from the 2017B Refunding Bonds were placed in an escrow account held by U.S. Bank and are sufficient to pay off the 2006E Bonds on the Crossover Date, including accreted interest to that date. The funds placed in the escrow account are also sufficient to pay debt service due on the 2017B Refunding Bonds up to and including the Crossover Date. Only interest is due on the 2017B Refunding Bonds through the Crossover Date. After the Crossover Date, the debt service on the 2017B Refunding Bonds will be paid through tax collections. The economic gain on the crossover refunding was \$10,847,027. The balance of the escrow account at June 30, 2022 was \$27,027,412.

#### C. <u>Direct Placement - Lease Revenue Bonds</u>

The lease revenue bonds were executed and delivered pursuant to a Lease agreement dated as of February 1, 2022, by and between Piedmont Unified School District and the Public Property Financing Corporation of California, to lease certain real property and facilities of the District. These were issued in the amount of \$3,200,000 with an interest rate of 1.785% and mature on February 1, 2032. The annual requirements to amortize the direct placement lease revenue bonds are as follows:

Principal	Interest			Total
\$ 288,531	\$	55,692	\$	344,223
301,080		51,970		353,050
306,454		46,595		353,049
311,924		41,125		353,049
317,492		35,557		353,049
 1,674,519		90,728		1,765,247
\$ 3,200,000	\$	321,667	\$	3,521,667
\$	\$ 288,531 301,080 306,454 311,924 317,492 1,674,519	\$ 288,531 \$ 301,080 306,454 311,924 317,492 1,674,519	\$ 288,531 \$ 55,692 301,080 51,970 306,454 46,595 311,924 41,125 317,492 35,557 1,674,519 90,728	\$ 288,531 \$ 55,692 \$ 301,080 51,970 306,454 46,595 311,924 41,125 317,492 35,557 1,674,519 90,728

#### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

#### D. Financed Purchases

The District entered into an agreement to purchase a Ford F-250 super duty truck. The payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Leas	e Payment
2023	\$	8,158
2024		8,158
Total minimum lease payments		16,316
Less amount representing interest		(1,246)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	15,070

#### E. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$8,814,778 and decreased by \$1,659,529 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$7,155,249. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

#### F. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$44,420,580 and decreased by \$20,400,989 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was \$24,019,591. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### **NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	Ge	neral Fund	Building F	Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		d Interest and emption Fund			Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable										_
Revolving cash	\$	43,773	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,200	\$	46,973
Prepaid expenditures		368,415		-	-		-	-		368,415
Total non-spendable		412,188		-	-		-	3,200		415,388
Restricted										
Educational programs		1,788,550		-	-		-	-		1,788,550
Food service		-		-	-		-	19,578		19,578
Associated student body		-		-	-		-	436,327		436,327
Capital projects		-		-	411,371		-	-		411,371
Debt service		-		-	-		8,801,480	-		8,801,480
Total restricted		1,788,550		-	411,371		8,801,480	455,905		11,457,306
Other commitments		199,033		-	30,000		-	323,609		552,642
Total committed		199,033		-	30,000		-	323,609		552,642
Unassigned		2,434,768	()	25,696)	301,074		27,104,994	-		29,815,140
Total Fund Balance	\$	4,834,539	\$ (2	25,696) \$	742,445	\$	35,906,474	\$ 782,714	\$	42,240,476

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description

The Piedmont Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Piedmont Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District.

#### B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan are described below.

	Certificated*	Classified**	Management***
Benefit types provided	Medical and dental	Medical and dental	Medical and dental
Duration of Benefits	5 years but not	5 years but not	5 years but not
	beyond Medicare	beyond	beyond
	age****	Medicare	Medicare
		age****	age****
Required Service	10 years	15 years	10 years
Minimum Age	55	55	55
Dependent Coverage	No*	No*	No*
District Contribution %	Based on FTE	100%	100% for 0.5 FTE
			or greater; less than
			0.5 FTE
			pro-rated
District Cap****	\$6,500	\$6500 (some	\$6,500
		exceptions)	

<sup>\*</sup>Certificated retirees hired prior to 7/1/01 may receive \$100 per month toward the cost of Medicare Supplement coverage if not on the top step of the salary schedule.

#### C. Contributions

For fiscal year 2021-22, the District contributed \$437,666 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Classified retirees hired prior to 7/1/89 receive lifetime coverage based on the District cap 2 years prior to their retirement date. Those hired after 7/1/89 and before 7/1/08 may receive \$100 per month toward Medicare Supplement Plan for number of years equal to length of service. Those hired after 7/1/08 are not entitled to a District contribution to Medicare Supplement coverage.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Management retirees hired prior to 7/1/01 may receive \$150 per month toward Medicare Supplement coverage.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Those retired prior to 7/1/14 not limited to 5 years.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>The District Cap is assumed to remain frozen in all future years.

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	133
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	270
Total number of participants**	403

<sup>\*</sup>Information not provided

#### E. Total OPEB Liability

The Piedmont Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$7,155,249 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement period.

#### **Economic assumptions:**

Inflation	2.50%
Discount rate	2.16%
Salary increases	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

#### Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table

Classified 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table

Retirement rates:

Certificated Management Hired 2012 and earlier: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@60 Rates & Certificated Hired 2013 and later: 2020 CalSTRS 2.0%@62 Rates

Classified Hired 2012 and earlier: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for

& Classified Management Schools Employees

Hired 2013 and later: 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@62 Rates for Schools

**Employees** 

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date

#### NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ıne 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	303,301
Interest on total OPEB liability		192,274
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,076,270)
Changes of assumptions		(641,168)
Benefits payments		(437,666)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,659,529)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		8,814,778
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,155,249
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A*

<sup>\*</sup>The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

#### H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Piedmont Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			,	<b>√aluation</b>			
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1% Increase		
		(1.16%)		(2.16%)		(3.16%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	7,751,088	\$	7,155,249	\$	6,625,862	

#### I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Piedmont Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valu	ation Trend			
	1%	<b>Decrease</b>		Rate	19	6 Increase	
		(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,818,356	\$	7,155,249	\$	7,546,075	

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Piedmont Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$488,604. At June 30, 2022, the Piedmont Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

 	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$ 404,653	\$	998,970
862,745		676,127
279,488		-
\$ 1,546,886	\$	1,675,097
of	862,745 279,488	of Resources       of         \$ 404,653 862,745       \$ 279,488

The \$279,488 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of	Resources
2023	\$	228,719	\$	235,690
2024		228,719		235,690
2025		228,719		235,690
2026		228,719		235,690
2027		228,711		235,690
Thereafter		123,811		496,647
Total	\$	1,267,398	\$	1,675,097

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension liability	outf	Deferred lows related pensions	erred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$	16,085,635	\$	7,500,336	\$ 14,492,890	\$ 919,920
PERS Pension		7,933,956		1,864,881	3,630,167	603,032
Total	\$	24,019,591	\$	9,365,217	\$ 18,123,057	\$ 1,522,952

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

#### **Contributions**

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$3,305,382 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$2,273,243 to CalSTRS.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 16,085,635
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	8,093,836
Total	\$ 24,179,471

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.035 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$919,920. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(1,410,748) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	_	\$	12,724,151
Differences between expected and actual experience		40,295		1,711,846
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences		2,279,163		-
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,875,496		56,893
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,305,382		
Total	\$	7,500,336	\$	14,492,890

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$3,305,382 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources of Resou		Resources	
2023	\$	1,703,039	\$	3,861,163
2024		1,482,150		3,218,584
2025		459,192		3,253,726
2026		124,738		3,750,019
2027		230,874		238,674
2028		194,961		170,724
Total	\$	4,194,954	\$	14,492,890

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

<sup>\*20-</sup>year geometric average

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Dis	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 32,744,595	\$	16,085,635	\$ 2,259,016

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

#### **Contributions**

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,556,707 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,933,956 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.039 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$603,032. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$ 3,044,816
Differences between expected and actual experience	236,849	18,704
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	71,325	566,647
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,556,707	-
Total	\$ 1,864,881	\$ 3,630,167

The \$1,556,707 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	red Outflows Resources	rred Inflows Resources
2023	\$ 195,964	\$ 1,075,063
2024	82,633	969,924
2025	29,577	738,358
2026	 	 846,822
Total	\$ 308,174	\$ 3,630,167

#### NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 through 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+-years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return
Asset Olass	Allocation	rears 1 – 10	Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease (6.15%)	count Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)	
District's proportionate share of	 _			
the net pension liability	\$ 13,377,764	\$ 7,933,956	\$ 3,414,428	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

#### C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$686,076.

#### **NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES**

The District is a member of the Alameda County Schools Insurance Group (ACSIG), public entity risk pool. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for workers compensation and property liability coverages are paid to ACSIG. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA's are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

The District participates as a board member on the governing board of ACSIG.

#### NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to refunding was \$266,134 and total deferred inflows related to refunding was \$330,000.

#### B. Pension Plans

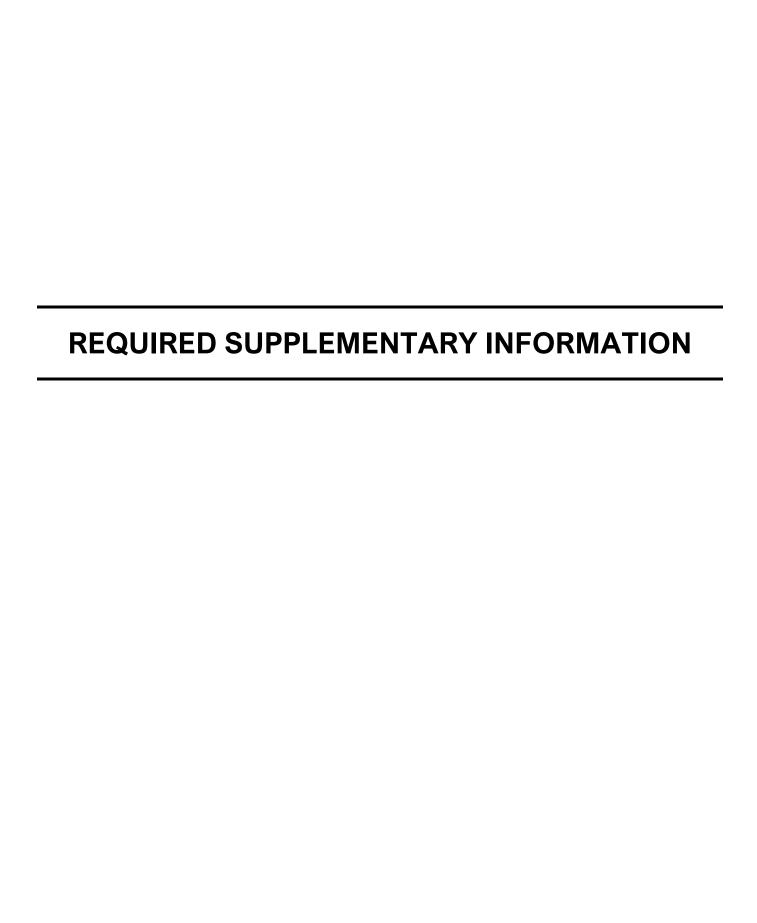
Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$9,365,217 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$18,123,057.

#### C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,546,886 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,675,097.

#### **NOTE 15 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE**

The District's Building Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$25,696 at June 30, 2022 due to the fair market value adjustment for cash in county treasury.



# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual*	Vai	riances -
	Original		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	Final	to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 23,042,739	\$	23,057,651	\$	23,077,751	\$	20,100
Federal sources	547,943		1,228,247		1,045,152		(183,095)
Other state sources	2,843,324		3,932,702		5,333,636		1,400,934
Other local sources	 18,446,468		19,367,069		19,521,444		154,375
Total Revenues	 44,880,474		47,585,669		48,977,983		1,392,314
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	19,855,848		19,886,342		19,934,273		(47,931)
Classified salaries	6,816,880		7,219,403		7,212,602		6,801
Employee benefits	13,633,348		12,811,810		12,753,446		58,364
Books and supplies	980,969		1,906,508		1,375,194		531,314
Services and other operating expenditures	5,129,037		6,702,680		6,257,182		445,498
Capital outlay	157,960		1,083,880		1,077,634		6,246
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	31,150		31,150		39,549		(8,399)
Transfers of indirect costs	 (102,000)		(110,341)		872		(111,213)
Total Expenditures	46,503,192		49,531,432		48,650,752		880,680
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (1,622,718)		(1,945,763)		327,231		2,272,994
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-		-		17,248		17,248
Transfers out	 (50,000)		(55,000)		(171,777)		(116,777)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (50,000)		(55,000)		(154,529)		(99,529)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,672,718)		(2,000,763)		172,702		2,173,465
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,715,595		4,715,595		4,715,595		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,042,877	\$	2,714,832	\$	4,888,297	\$	2,173,465

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Adult Education Fund, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- Audit adjustments are not reflected in the table above.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	303,301	\$	242,328	\$	238,650	\$	243,037	\$	236,532
Interest on total OPEB liability		192,274		269,120		257,122		261,793		238,886
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,076,270)		(69,830)		647,449		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(641,168)		990,523		191,767		(192,365)		-
Benefits payments		(437,666)		(440,512)		(379,014)		(426,142)		(409,752)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,659,529)		991,629		955,974		(113,677)		65,666
Total OPEB liability - beginning		8,814,778		7,823,149		6,867,175		6,980,852		6,915,186
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,155,249	\$	8,814,778	\$	7,823,149	\$	6,867,175	\$	6,980,852
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*								
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A*								

<sup>\*</sup>The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.035%		0.034%		0.033%		0.033%		0.034%		0.034%		0.037%		0.035%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,085,635	\$	32,534,237	\$	30,180,577	\$	30,628,046	\$	31,365,687	\$	27,718,731	\$	25,023,490	\$	20,224,335
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District <b>Total</b>	\$	8,093,836 24,179,471	\$	16,771,403 49,305,640	\$	16,465,520 46,646,097	\$	17,535,989 48,164,035	\$	18,555,675 49,921,362	\$	15,779,779 43,498,510	\$	13,234,668 38,258,158	\$	12,212,327 32,436,662
District's covered payroll	\$	19,578,334	\$	18,439,322	\$	18,277,807	\$	17,817,221	\$	17,682,472	\$	17,019,823	\$	15,329,223	\$	15,958,129
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		82.2%		176.4%		165.1%		171.9%		177.4%		162.9%		163.2%		126.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ıne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.039%		0.039%		0.040%		0.043%		0.043%		0.044%		0.046%		0.044%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,933,956	\$	11,886,343	\$	11,586,393	\$	11,356,219	\$	10,298,363	\$	8,682,037	\$	6,705,041	\$	4,955,168
District's covered payroll	\$	5,744,899	\$	5,576,528	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,604,468	\$	5,408,432	\$	5,255,541	\$	4,936,259	\$	5,800,301
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		138.1%		213.1%		221.8%		202.6%		190.4%		165.2%		135.8%		85.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Jui	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,305,382	\$	3,161,901	\$	3,153,124	\$	2,975,627	\$	2,571,025	\$	2,224,455	\$	1,826,227	\$	1,361,235
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(3,305,382)		(3,161,901)		(3,153,124)		(2,975,627)		(2,571,025)		(2,224,455)		(1,826,227)		(1,361,235)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	20,838,133	\$	19,578,334	\$	18,439,322	\$	18,277,807	\$	17,817,221	\$	17,682,472	\$	17,019,823	\$	15,329,223
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.86%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jur	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jun	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,556,707	\$	1,189,194	\$	1,099,747	\$	943,711	\$	870,430	\$	751,123	\$	622,624	\$	581,047
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,556,707)		(1,189,194)		(1,099,747)		(943,711)		(870,430)		(751,123)		(622,624)		(581,047)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	7,000,666	\$	5,744,899	\$	5,576,528	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,604,468	\$	5,408,432	\$	5,255,541	\$	4,936,259
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		22.24%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios and the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The discount rate changed to 2.16% compared to 2.20% in the previous year.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms**

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

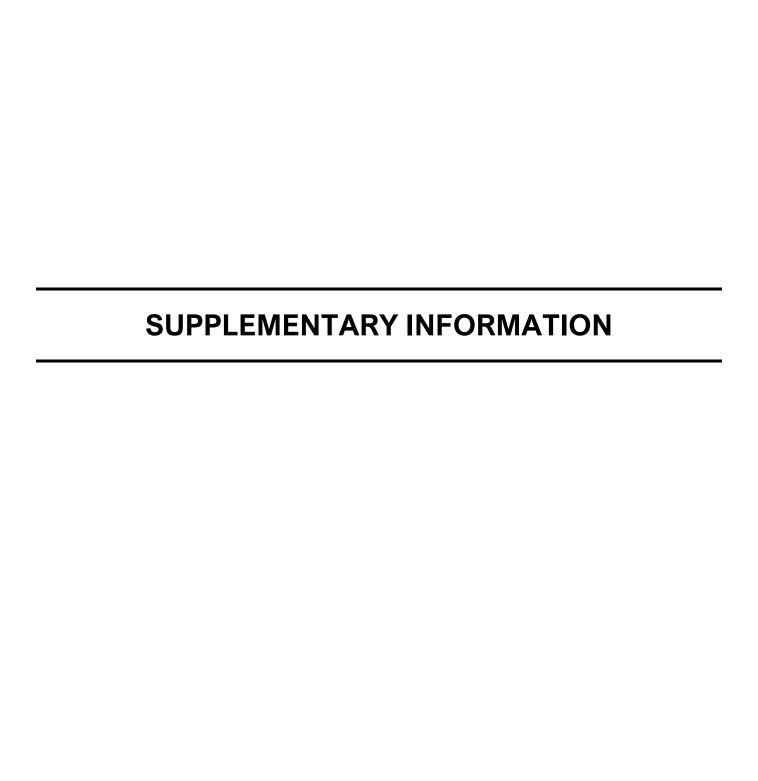
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expe	ndit	ures and Other	Use	S
	 Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund					_
Certificated salaries	\$ 19,886,342	\$	19,934,273	\$	47,931
Other outgo					
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$ 31,150	\$	39,549	\$	8,399
Transfers of indirect costs	\$ (110,341)	\$	872	\$	111,213



# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	-	ederal enditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	\$	27,695
Special Education Cluster [1]				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		494,560
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638		91,350
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115		4,392
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197		28,735
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430		2,510
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				621,547
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants:				
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517		7,942
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536		1,736
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618		222,637
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619		42,617
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620		46,760
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621		74,218
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				395,910
Total U. S. Department of Education				1,045,152
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:  Passed through California Department of Education:  COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO:  Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	13392		4,964
Special Wilk Program for Children Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.556	13392		4,964
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			\$	4,964 1,050,116
Total Federal Expenditures			Ф	1,000,116

[1] - Major Program

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period	Annual
	Report	Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	592.91	590.79
Extended Year Special Education	1.10	1.10
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.49	1.60
Total TK/K through Third	595.50	593.49
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	474.37	467.93
Extended Year Special Education	1.23	1.23
Total Fourth through Sixth	475.60	469.16
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	342.51	340.05
Extended Year Special Education	0.50	0.50
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.87	1.85
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.12	0.12
Total Seventh through Eighth	345.00	342.52
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	836.00	826.92
Extended Year Special Education	0.38	0.38
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	5.08	4.99
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.60	0.60
Total Ninth through Twelfth	842.06	832.89
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,258.16	2,238.06

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
<b>Grade Level</b>	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	46,545	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	52,545	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	52,545	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	52,545	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,645	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,645	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	62,999	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	62,999	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	62,999	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	64,995	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,995	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,995	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,995	180	Complied

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20	023 (Budget)	2022	2021	2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	52,244,184 49,739,260	\$ 48,995,231 48,822,529	\$ 46,815,726 44,833,437	\$ 43,083,967 42,376,320
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	2,504,924	\$ 172,702	\$ 1,982,289	\$ 707,647
Ending Fund Balance	\$	7,393,221	\$ 4,888,297	\$ 4,715,595	\$ 2,733,306
Available Reserves*	\$	1,459,672	\$ 2,434,768	\$ 3,271,000	\$ 1,995,687
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		2.93%	4.99%	7.30%	4.71%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	187,345,254	\$ 189,525,829	\$ 209,891,590	\$ 199,395,708
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		2,307	2,258	2,496	2,496

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$2,154,991 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a further increase of \$2,504,924. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$9,861,856 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 238 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 49 ADA is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Adult Education Fund, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. In addition, audit adjustments are not reflected in the table above.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Stud	dent Activity Fund	Education und	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred aintenance Fund
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$	4,888,297	\$	440,874	\$ 73,001	\$ 343,769	\$ (127,650)
Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:							
Fair market value adjustment - cash in county treasury		(107,294)		(1,347)	-	(4,214)	-
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		53,536		-	(73,001)	-	127,650
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(53,758)		(1,347)	(73,001)	(4,214)	127,650
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	4,834,539	\$	439,527	\$ -	\$ 339,555	\$ -
	Fun Th	cial Reserve d for Other an Capital ay Projects	Bu	ilding Fund	y School ies Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	ond Interest Redemption Fund
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	108,185	\$	-	\$ 3,722	\$ 452,773	\$ 9,021,209
Fair market value adjustment - cash in county treasury		-		(25,696)	(90)	(11,402)	(219,729)
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		(108,185)		-	-	-	-
Accounts payable adjustment		-		-	-	301,074	-
Cash in county treasury		-		-	-	-	77,582
Cash with fiscal agent		-		-	-	-	27,027,412
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(108,185)		(25,696)	(90)	289,672	26,885,265
	\$	-	\$	(25,696)	\$ 3,632	\$ 742,445	\$ 35,906,474

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There are no charter schools within the District's boundaries.

	Stud	ent Activity	•			unty School		Non-Major overnmental
ASSETS		Fund	Ca	feteria Fund	Fac	ilities Fund		Funds
	Φ	404.400	Φ	400 504	Φ	0.000	Φ	007.040
Cash and investments	\$	434,463	\$	189,521	\$	3,626	\$	627,610
Accounts receivable		89		11,106		6		11,201
Due from other funds		12,923		218,779		-		231,702
Total Assets	\$	447,475	\$	419,406	\$	3,632	\$	870,513
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	7,948	\$	13,162	\$	-	\$	21,110
Unearned revenue		-		66,689		-		66,689
Total Liabilities		7,948		79,851		-		87,799
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable		3,200		-		-		3,200
Restricted		436,327		19,578		-		455,905
Committed		-		319,977		3,632		323,609
Total Fund Balances		439,527		339,555		3,632		782,714
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	447,475	\$	419,406	\$	3,632	\$	870,513

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Stud	ent Activity Fund	Cafe	eteria Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	-	\$	4,964	\$ -	\$ 4,964
Other local sources		219,083		730,376	(94)	949,365
Total Revenues		219,083		735,340	(94)	954,329
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Pupil services						
Food services		-		764,162	-	764,162
General administration						
Plant services		-		7,057	-	7,057
Ancillary services		257,830		-	-	257,830
Total Expenditures		257,830		771,219	-	1,029,049
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(38,747)		(35,879)	(94)	(74,720)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		12,923		-	-	12,923
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		12,923		-	-	12,923
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<del>-</del>	(25,824)		(35,879)	(94)	(61,797)
Fund Balance - Beginning		465,351		375,434	3,726	844,511
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	439,527	\$	339,555	\$ 3,632	\$ 782,714

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Piedmont Unified School District was established on July 1, 1936 and consists of an area comprising approximately 1.7 square miles located in Alameda County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District operates three elementary schools, one middle school, one high school, one alternative high school, and an adult school.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

	001211111102071112	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Cory Smegal	President	2024
Megan Pillsbury	Vice President	2022
Veronica Anderson Thigpen	Member	2024
Hilary Cooper	Member	2024
Amal Smith	Member	2022

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Donald Evans
Interim Superintendent

Ruth Alahydoian
Chief Financial Officer

Cheryl Wozniak Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

## PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2022 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2022.

	AL	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 1,546,134
Federal Interest Subsidy	N/A	(496,018)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,050,116

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

#### **Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis**

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### **Schedule of Charter Schools**

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

#### Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Piedmont Unified School District Piedmont, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Piedmont Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Piedmont Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Piedmont Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com** 

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

Chinty White, Inc

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Piedmont Unified School District Piedmont, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Piedmont Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Piedmont Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Piedmont Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Piedmont Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Piedmont Unified School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Piedmont Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)**

Chinty white, Inc

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

December 12, 2022

#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Piedmont Unified School District Piedmont, California

#### **Report on State Compliance**

#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

We have audited Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Piedmont Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, Piedmont Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Piedmont Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Piedmont Unified School District's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Piedmont Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Unified School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine Piedmont Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study as the reported ADA did not exceed the materiality threshold. The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Findings #2022-001 and #2022-002. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Piedmont Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Piedmont Unified School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

Christylehete, Inc



# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?  Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Unmodified  No  None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program:    Material weakness(es) identified?    Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	No None Reported Unmodified No
AL Number(s)  84.027, 84.027A, & 84.173  Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**FIVE DIGIT CODE**20000
30000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

**AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

#### FINDING #2022-001: EXPANDED LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES GRANT (ELO-G) PLAN (40000)

**Criteria:** Pursuant to California Education Code Section 43522, all local educational agencies receiving ELO-G funding were required to adopt an expenditure plan for the apportioned funds by June 1, 2021. School districts were required to submit the approved plan to their county office of education within five days of adoption pursuant to Education Code Section 43522(e).

**Condition:** Based on our review of board documentation and subsequent correspondence with Alameda County Office of Education, the District's ELO-G plan was board approved on May 26, 2021 and submitted to Alameda County Office of Education on June 7, 2021, 7 business days after adoption.

**Effect:** The District was not in compliance with the Education Code requirement related to submission of the approved ELO-G plan to the county office of education within five days of board approval.

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Questioned Costs: There are no questioned costs associated with this finding.

Repeat Finding: No, this is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation:** No corrective action is needed since the plan for these funds has been developed and submitted to Alameda County Office of Education. Under current requirements, there is no ELO-G plan update required for future years.

Corrective Action Plan: The District will establish a shared document, linked to the master calendar for School Board meeting agenda items, for Cabinet administrators to populate with plans and reports that require board action. The document will list the requirements of the grants or plans, identify cabinet member(s) responsible, and establish deadlines. Any new State requirements will be added as the requirements become known. The document will be reviewed monthly at Cabinet meetings to ensure accountability.

## PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### FINDING #2022-002: COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL SAFETY PLAN (40000)

**Criteria:** Pursuant to California Education Code Sections 32280 - 32289, All California public schools kindergarten and grades one through twelve must develop a comprehensive school safety plan approved by the board of directors by March 1<sub>st</sub> of the current 2021-22 school year. Additionally, if the District does not develop and approve a comprehensive school safety plan by October 15, a letter must be submitted to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

**Condition:** In testing the comprehensive school safety plans for Piedmont Unified School District, it was noted that a comprehensive school safety plans were not approved prior to the required deadline of March 1<sub>st</sub> for the current audit year. The District approved the Comprehensive School Safety Plans on June 8, 2022.

Cause: Insufficient review procedures in place during the implementation process.

**Effect:** The School District was untimely adhering to comprehensive school safety requirements per California Education Code.

Questioned Costs: None. The District approved the Comprehensive School Safety Plans on June 8, 2022.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District continue to provide oversight and training to staff responsible for implementing new requirements in California Education Code in a timely manner.

**Corrective Action Plan:** The District will establish a shared document, linked to the master calendar for School Board meeting agenda items, for Cabinet administrators to populate with plans and reports that require board action. The document will list the requirements of the grants or plans, identify cabinet member(s) responsible, and establish deadlines. Any new State requirements will be added as the requirements become known. The document will be reviewed monthly at Cabinet meetings to ensure accountability.

# PIEDMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### FINDING #2021-001: MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS - 30000

**Criteria:** Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls to ensure the financial statements are being prepared for the audit free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

**Condition:** As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes. The District did not record the student activity fund revenues and expenditures for the year. We proposed a material audit adjustment to the student activity fund trial balance which was recorded and included in this report.

Questioned Costs: None.

Cause: Management misunderstood the elements to be recorded to the student activity fund to implement GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, resulting in no revenue or expenditure activity recorded in the current year.

**Effect:** A material audit adjustment was necessary to properly implement GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to present the financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. This control deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that management perform a reconciliation review of the student activity fund to ensure all transactions are recorded in the proper general ledger accounts.

**District Response:** This was the first year of implementation of GASB 84. The Piedmont Middle School, Piedmont High School and Millennium High School have operated student body funds for many years, with oversight by the District, but independent reporting and bank accounts. To implement GASB 84, the District reviewed the available guidelines and determined that recording the ending balance for the student body funds in a separate governmental fund, Fund 8, would be the appropriate treatment for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. Based on the current guidance from the auditor, the District will post revenues and expenditures at each reporting period and, going forward, will include the savings account that was originally not included in the fund balance.

Current Status: Implemented.