2022-23 2nd Interim and 2023-24 Budget Considerations

Piedmont USD Budget Advisory Committee Meeting March 6, 2023



Agenda

- Introductions & Purpose of BAC
- Update on 2022-23 Budget
 - Revenues
 - Expenditures
 - Fund Balance
- Update on 2023-24 and 2024-25 Multi-Year Projections
 - Assumptions
 - Need for Adjustments
 - Proposed Adjustments
- Next Steps
- Adjourn

Purpose of BAC

- The Budget Advisory Committee is a standing committee with representatives from all stakeholders in the District.
- Its purpose is to:
 - review the District's Budget,
 - share the information with constituent groups, and
 - generate recommendations for Board consideration in the budget development process.
- The BAC is a vehicle to disseminate information to as many parents, students, staff and community members as possible.

Required Reports

- The District is required to adopt a budget and provide updates to the Alameda County Office of Education (ACOE) by:
 - July 1 Adopt a budget
 - December 15 1st Period Interim to ACOE
- \longrightarrow O March 15 2^{nd} Period Interim to ACOE
 - June 30 Estimated Actuals
 - September 15 Unaudited Actuals

Headlines

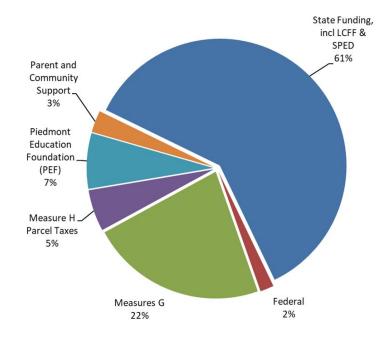
- <u>2022-23</u>: The District reports a *Qualified Certification for* 2nd Interim
 - Qualified means a district *may* not be able to meet its financial obligations for the current year and two subsequent fiscal years.
- The salary & health benefit increases and and one-time payments to staff were paid with the fund balance leaving little room for additional expenses
- Expenses for subcontractors, NPS placements, and transportation exceed earlier estimates
- The governor announced a shrinking of promised AMIM funds that had been directed to the Reserve for Economic Uncertainty
- Budget adjustments for 2023-24 and 2024-25 will need to be made
 - <u>2023-24</u>: planned adjustments of \$2.3 million
 - <u>2024-25</u>: planned adjustments ongoing from 2023-24

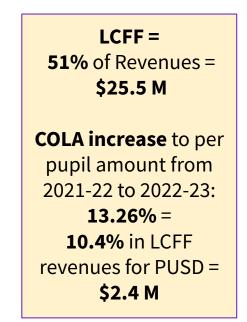
What is a Qualified Certification?

- Ed Code 42131 requires each school district to maintain 3% of its General Fund Expenditures as a Reserve for Economic Uncertainty (REU). This is considered a financial obligation.
- At the 1st and 2nd Interim Reporting Periods, the District must certify whether it's financial condition is:
 - **Positive** The District will meet its financial obligations for the current and 2 subsequent years.
 - **Qualified** The District may not meet its financial obligations for the current and 2 subsequent years.
 - **Negative** The District will not meet its financial obligations for the current and 2 subsequent years.
- If the District self-certifies as anything other than "Positive", the ACOE will require the Board to provide a plan that will bring the budget back into balance by the 2nd Interim Reporting Period.

Revenues

- 51% is based on the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF), and a total of 61% is State funding, including SPED and the one-time grant for this year.
- 37% is locally generated parcel taxes, PEF, parents donations.





Changes to Revenues

- LCFF and State revenues are adjusted for P-1 certification.
- Anti-bias Grant awarded, 22-23 Pre-K planning apportionment
- Parent contributions for specific expenses added to local revenues

Gen	eral F	und Revenues 2022-23 1st Interim 12/14/2022	2	2022-23 2nd Interim 3/8/2023		fference ec -> Mar
Revenues						
LCFF - Base	\$	25,559,252	\$	25,477,144	\$	(82,108)
FEDERAL REVENUES		875,181		875,181		-
STATE REVENUES		3,034,513		3,299,587		265,074
PARCEL TAX REVENUE - Measure G		11,251,405		11,251,405		-
PARCEL TAX REVENUE - Measure H		2,657,467		2,657,467		-
LOCAL REVENUES - PEF		3,550,051		3,641,085		91,034
LOCAL REVENUES - ALL OTHERS		1,200,462		1,304,738		104,276
TRFS APPORT FR DISTRICTS (SELPA)		1,636,039		1,636,039		-
Total Revenues	\$	49,764,370	\$	50,142,646	\$	378,276
STATE REVENUES - STRS on-behalf		2,367,316		2,367,316		-
Total Revenues incl STRS on-behalf	\$	52,131,686.00	\$5	2,509,962.00	\$3	78,276.00

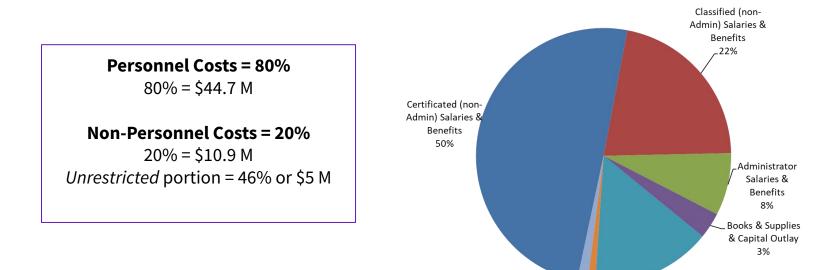
Expenditures

Transfers

Among Funds

1%

• 80% of expenditures are salaries and benefits.



Services & Other

Operating Costs

15%

Capital Outlay (Over

\$5000)

1%

Changes to Expenditures

- Salaries and benefits increased by \$341K due to CSEA retro and one-time plus increases to teacher sub budget (CSEA settlement was held in the fund balance at first interim)
- Non-personnel expense budgets have increased by \$935 K.

Gene	ral	Fund Expens	es		
		2022-23 1st Inte rim 12/14/2022	2	2022-23 2nd Interim 3/8/2023	ifference ec -> Mar
Expenditures					
CERTIFICATED SALARIES	\$	21,525,246	\$	21,626,959	\$ 101,713
CLASSIFIED SALARIES		8,311,461		8,552,789	241,328
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		11,773,232		11,878,272	105,040
POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS		367,440		367,440	-
BOOKS AND SUPPLIES		1,548,797		1,734,639	185,842
SERVICES/OPERATING EXPENDITURES		7,252,353		7,984,813	732,460
CAPITAL OUTLAY (OVER \$5,000)		497,628		505,901	8,273
INDIRECT COSTS		15,863		24,863	9,000
TRANSFERS TO & FROM OTHER FUNDS		677,934		677,934	-
Total Expenditures	\$	51,969,954	\$	53,353,610	\$ 1,383,656
STRS OnBehalf Payment		2,367,316		2,367,316	-
Total Expenditures incl STRS on-behalf	\$	54,337,270	\$	55,720,926	\$ 1,383,656

Why have non-personnel costs increased?

Books and Supplies:

- \$185 K increase
 - AP test budget
 - Pre-K planning grant

Services and Other Operating Expenses:

- \$732 K increase
 - travel conference expenses
 - PMS canoe field trip
 - Track & Cross country
 - Special Education Transportation
 - drama budget
 - Special Education settlements and placements

Assumptions in MYP

The Multiyear Projections assume the following:

Assumption	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
Enrollment	2,344	2,340	2,300
ADA used for LCFF (higher than enrollment due to PY averaging)	2,426.73	2,337.16	2,262.76
COLA for LCFF per pupil funding (LCFF is only 51% of revenues)	13.26%	8.13%	3.54%
COLA for other State funds	6.56%	8.13%	3.54%
COLA for Measure G Funds	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Natural progression (Step & Column) in Employee Salaries	APT: actual CSEA: actual	APT: 1.15% CSEA: 1.00%	APT: 1.15% CSEA: 1.00%

Increases to District Contributions to Pensions			
Year	STRS	PERS	
2023-24	19.10%	27.00%	
2022-23	19.10%	25.37%	
2021-22	16.92%	22.91%	
2020-21	16.15%	20.70%	
2019-20	17.10%	19.72%	

Multi-year projections in JANUARY 2023

Governor's Budget	2022-23	2023-24	
Beginning Balance	\$4,888,296	\$2,423,694	Here's the gap we identified
Revenues	52,089,794	50,889,188	
Expenditures	(54,554,396)	(52,634,393)	Governor's Budget
GAP - Unidentified Cuts		1,550,000	Proposal
Ending Balance	\$2,423,694	\$2,228,489	
Components of Ending Balance:			
Reserved/Restricted	850,829	676,911	
TARGET 3% for Econ Uncertainty	1,636,632	1,532,532	
Above / Below Target*	-63,767	19,046	

* District has Fund 17 - a reserve fund w/ \$108K - that can be applied towards TARGET; not included here.

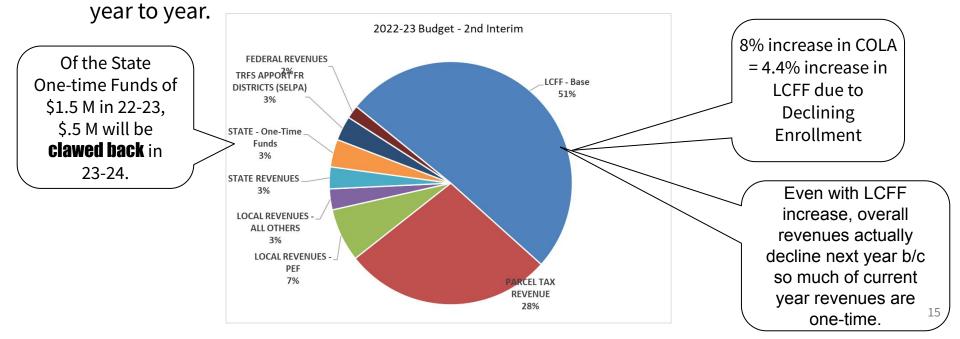
2nd Interim Current Year Changes

2022-23	Govs Bud	2nd Interim	Difference	Based on updates to the
Beginning Balance	\$4,888,296	\$4,888,296	\$0	current year
Revenues	52,089,794	52,509,962	420,168	budget, the gap will
Expenditures	(54,554,396)	(55,720,926)	-1,166,530	increase
GAP - Unidentified Cuts				because the starting point
Ending Balance	\$2,423,694	\$1,677,332	-\$746,362	has
Components of Ending Balance:				decreased.
Reserved/Restricted	850,829	1,348,789	497,960	
TARGET 3% for Econ Uncertainty	1,636,632	1,671,628	34,996	\$1.55 M _+.75 M
Above / Below Target*	-63,767	-1,343,085		= 2.30 M

* District has Fund 17 - a reserve fund w/ \$108K - that can be applied towards TARGET; not included here.

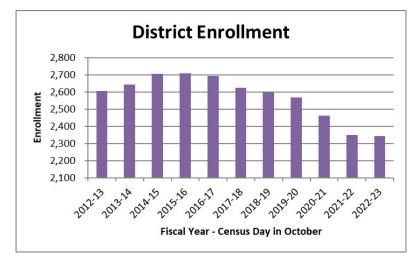
Why are we looking at budget cuts?

• The District's budget is dependent on State funding for 53% of ongoing revenues. Other revenue sources do not increase at the same rate, and may actually decrease



Why are we looking at budget cuts, cont.

- Cost of living in the SF Bay Area
 - To attract and retain excellent educators, we need to offer competitive compensation
 - Other costs also increase, such as utilities, equipment, etc.
- District contribution to pensions has increased, and continues to increase, offsetting the increases in State revenues.
- Statewide declining enrollment means fewer students, reduced funding, but not necessarily reduced costs.



Enrollment, Interdistrict Transfers, & the Budget

- Enrollment for the **BUDGET** assumes each cohort progresses to the next grade, 1-12, based on Census Day enrollment numbers (Oct).
 - TK in 2023-24 is assumed to fill 4 classes of 15 per class (MAY ADJUST TO 3 CLASSES OF 20)
 - K in 2023-24 is assumed to fill to 7 classes of 22 per class (MAY ADJUST TO 6 CLASSES BASED ON ENROLLMENT)
- Enrollment for STAFFING purposes looks more precisely at the current enrollment and includes any site-based information about students.
 - The minimum number of classes to accommodate all current and anticipated students are established and staffed.
 - Not all classes will be filled to the maximum capacity.
- IDTs are accepted based on the available spaces in the established classes and Board policy.

Process Summary

- For 2023-24, the District identified the need to make \$2.3 million in budget adjustments to ensure fiscal responsibility and sustainability.
- Looking the furthest from the classroom, the District considered the following adjustments:
 - Cut the discretionary spending at the district office and at school sites
 - Consider adjustments to District Office staffing
 - Consider not filling any vacant positions
 - Scrub the budget for one-time expenses that will not be needed next year
 - Consider positions that are funded from one-time funds this year and were for COVID related work.

Summary of Budget Adjustments

	Adjustments	Amount
	Reduce Counseling (added for COVID)	\$100,000
Certificated Staffing	Reduce MTSS TOSAs by 1.0 FTE	125,000
	Reduce District TOSA (differentiation spec.) .6 FTE	75,000
	Secondary Staffing Reductions due to enrollment	375,000
	Eliminate Health Coordinators 2.0 FTE	120,000
Classified Staffing	Reduce Extra Library Aide .56 FTE	40,000
	Reduce 1.0 FTE in IT	85,000
District Office	Eliminate Director Position	200,000
	After-School Tutoring Program	50,000
One-Time	Election Costs (only savings in 23-24)	130,000
Costs	SPED Out-Placements - return to PUSD	450,000
	Other one-time expenses	100,000
12-15% Reduction to	District Office budget reductions	90,000
Discretionary Budgets	Site budget reductions	30,000
Other	Transportation Revenue (2022-23)	150,000
Budget	Facilities Rental Fees	50,000
Adjustments	Athletics Revenues	25,000
	Total Adjustments Identified	\$2,195,000

Multi-year Projections MARCH 2023

2023-24	Govs Bud	2nd Interim	Difference
Beginning Balance	\$2,423,694	\$1,677,332	-\$746,362
Revenues	50,889,188	52,002,007	1,112,819
Expenditures	(52,634,393)	(51,371,490)	1,262,903
GAP - Unidentified Cuts	1,550,000		-1,550,000
Ending Balance	\$2,228,489	\$2,307,849	\$79,360
Components of Ending Balance:			
Reserved/Restricted	676,911	865,672	188,761
TARGET 3% for Econ Uncertainty	1,532,532	1,547,703	15,171
Above / Below Target*	19,046	-105,526	-124,572

* District has Fund 17 - a reserve fund w/ \$108K - that can be applied towards TARGET; not included here.

Next Steps

March	 BAC Meeting to review 2nd Interim 2nd Interim Report presented with MYP Projections If required, Board takes action on reductions for 2023-24 that involve positions If required, March 15 notices mailed
April ->	 BAC meeting - April 20 - to review budget projections and discuss need for Measure G increase. District continues to build budget for 2023-24 using new targets for site and department spending.
Мау	 Governor releases May Revisions to budget proposal for 2023-24 BAC meeting - May 18 - to review May Revision impact on budget Board meeting to review May Revision impact on budget
June	 Board holds public hearing on draft budget Final budget adopted by Board

Acknowledgments

Thank you to the Business Services Team!

Suzanne Binder

Upexa Captan

Cherrie Deangkinay

Julie Kim

Kim Randlett

Cindy Sivilaythong

Jennifer Stahl

Shamaree Worley

